

## Generating electricity

1 The photograph shows a small generator.

When the handle is turned the current produced lights a lamp.



(a) (i) Complete the sentence by putting a cross (☒) in the box next to your answer.

The current produced

(1)

- A** usually comes from a battery
- B** always has the same frequency
- C** is always the same size
- D** is usually alternating in direction

(ii) State the unit in which electric current is usually measured.

(1)

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(b) (i) Describe what happens inside the generator to produce the current.

(3)

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(ii) State **one** way in which the size of the current could be increased.

(1)

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\*(c) The National Grid is supplied with electricity from large-scale electrical generators.

These generators may be driven using different energy sources.

Compare the use of a non-renewable energy source with the use of a renewable energy source to produce electricity for the National Grid.

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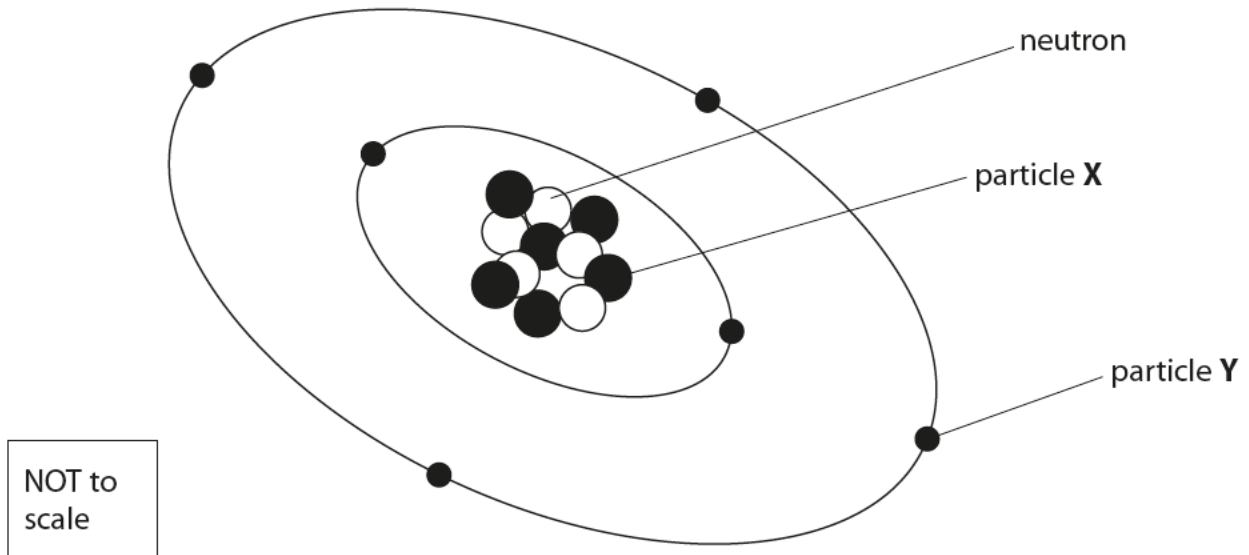
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**(Total for Question 5 = 12 marks)**

## Radioactive material

- 2 (a) The diagram represents an atom of carbon.



- (i) State the name of particle X.

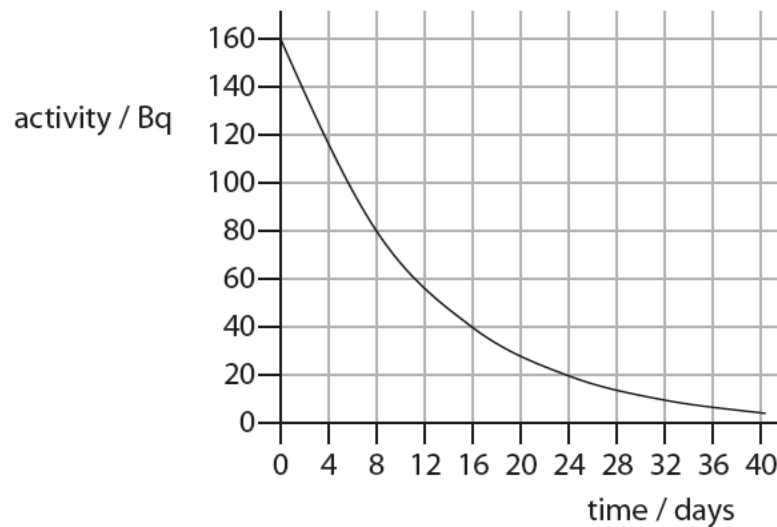
(1)

- (ii) State the name of particle Y.

(1)

- (b) Iodine-131 is a radioactive isotope of iodine.

The graph shows how the activity of a sample of iodine-131 decreases with time.



(i) Use the graph to calculate the half-life of iodine-131.

(2)

half-life = ..... days

(ii) Another sample of iodine-131 has an activity of 800 Bq.

Calculate how long it will take before its activity decreases to 200 Bq.

(2)

time = ..... days

\*(c) There are plans to build more nuclear power stations to supply electricity to the National Grid.

Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of using nuclear power to generate electricity.

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### Investigating electric motors

3 Some students investigate the efficiency of electric motors.

(a) (i) The students find that one electric motor has an efficiency of 60%.

Explain in terms of energy what is meant by an efficiency of 60%.

(2)

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(ii) The students use some motors to lift weights.

The students measure the input power and output power of two motors.

Complete the sentence by putting a cross (☒) in the box next to your answer.

The power of a motor is the rate at which it transfers

(1)

- A current
- B energy
- C voltage
- D charge

(iii) The first motor has a power rating of 20 W.

The motor is used for 15 s.

Calculate the energy supplied to the motor.

(2)

energy supplied to the motor = ..... J

- (iv) In the second motor, the useful output power was 18 W when the input power was 24 W.  
Calculate the efficiency of this motor.

(2)

efficiency = ..... %

- (b) One of the students states that all of the energy supplied to a motor is transferred into other forms.

Complete the following sentence by putting a cross (☒) in the box next to your answer.

This statement is one example of the idea of

(1)

- A** renewable energy
- B** conservation of energy
- C** non-renewable energy
- D** sustainable energy

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**(Total for Question 2 = 8 marks)**